

Unit Objective:

To be able to create short sentences with **j'ai**, **je suis** and **j'habite**

By the end of this unit we will be able to:

- Name in French, the six key periods of Ancient Britain, introduced in chronological order.
- Say in French three of the types of people who lived in Ancient Britain, where they lived and what their hunting tool was.
- Remember accurately from memory and use the French for 'I am' (**je suis**), 'I have' (**j'ai**) and 'I live' (**j'habite**).

It will help if we already know:

- The letter sounds (phonics & phonemes) from 'Phonics & Pronunciation' lesson 1.
- Vocabulary from the 'I Am Learning French' unit.
- What a noun and article/determiner is in English.
- What a verb is in English and that **je suis** means 'I am' in French.



Skills we will develop:

Remember enough new language to be able to write and present orally (perhaps even from memory) a short paragraph as a person from the Stone, Bronze or Iron Age using more than one high frequency verb and a wider range of vocabulary with high accuracy. Learning to make full use of the templates and support provided.

Activities we will complete:

Guided speaking, listening, reading and written activities on the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age. Building up a wider range of vocabulary on types of dwellings and hunting tools so that as a final task we can be one of these characters and write about ourselves saying who we are/where we live/what our main hunting tool.

Grammar we will learn & revisit:

Verbs & elisions/contractions. We will explore the 1st person singular of two high frequency irregular verbs: **être**, **avoir** (**je suis** and **j'ai**) and one regular verb **habiter** (**j'habite**). We will notice that **j'ai** and **j'habite** in this unit are contractions. Contractions occur when two or more words combine together and one letter (or more) is removed. Here the 'e' in **je** to make **j'**). This is called elision.



Phonics & pronunciation we will see:

Recommended phonics focus: **CH OU ON OI**

- **CH** sound in **flèche**
- **OU** sound in **bijoux**
- **ON** sound in **bronze**, **Anglo-Saxons**, **maison** & **ronde** **OI** sound in **histoire**
- **Liaison.** The final letter 's' of **suis** which would normally be silent is pronounced like a letter 'z' as the word **suis** is followed by a word beginning with a vowel (here a 'u' in **un** or **une**). This is called liaison.
- **Guttural 'R'.** Becoming more familiar with the French 'r' sound as seen in **ronde** & **bronze**. Made from the back of the mouth, not the front.

Vocabulary we will learn & revisit:

The six different periods of Ancient Britain in French with a focus on key language from the stone, bronze and iron age. All listed on the Vocabulary Sheet.